







Project nr. POIG.02.03.00-00-028/08

**GRANTS FOR INNOVATION** 

Project co-financed by the European Union under the European Regional Development Fund



### Data = value => needs protection

#### Data is value:

- Expensive research results
- Priceless cultural heritage:
- Data needed for organizations / projects to operate





Some of these data need protection!





#### Data production worldwide (IDC): Overload 1 8 1 Global information created and available storage Exabytes 2,000 FORECAS 1,750 1,500 Information created 1,250 1,000 750 500 Available storage 2005 Source: IDC In Poland:

Country: PB's of data /year
Digital library: 100's of TB/year
Individuals: 100's of GB/year





## Data archiving/backup is complex

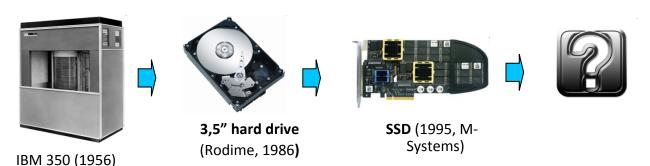
Limited media durability:





**15-30 years** (5000 mount)

Limited technology lifetime



Costs, complexity, lack of know-how



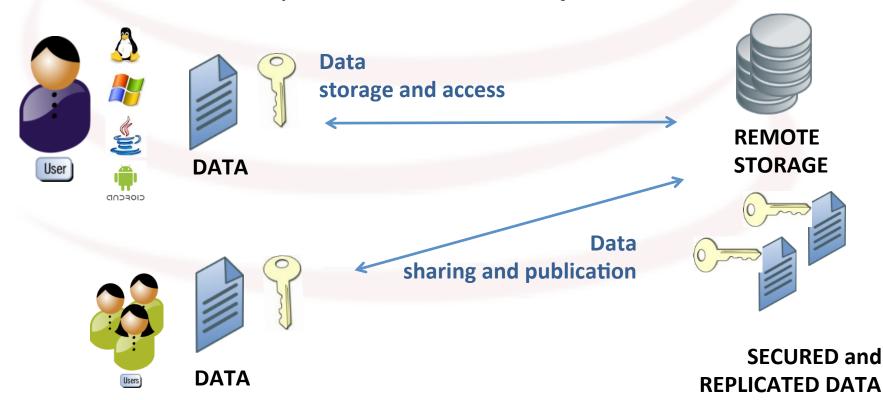




### NDS2: use cases



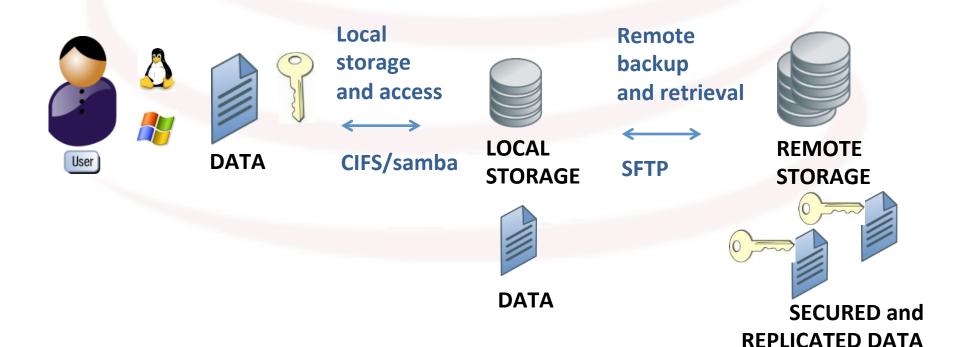
- 1. Individual user (scientist, researcher, student):
  - Data to be available, persistent and safe
  - Easy and efficient access to data from various OSs
  - I want transparent safety and security mechanisms
  - I want to share my data and be able to publish them



### NDS2: use cases



- 2. Institution, workgroup (digital library, scientific project)
  - My data must be available, persistent and safe
  - I need a local working space with simple and efficient access through typical LAN protocols (CIFS, NFS)
  - Local space should be extended by a remote space





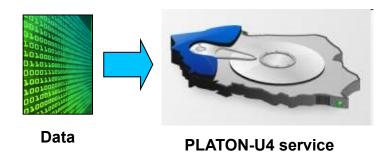
# Solution: outsourcing to PLATON project

#### Added values:

- Trusted service provider
- Collaboration history
- Knowledge & experience
- Availability & proximity:
  - Redundant infrastructure
  - Broadband network to universities
  - and research centres

#### Additional services

IdP, AAI



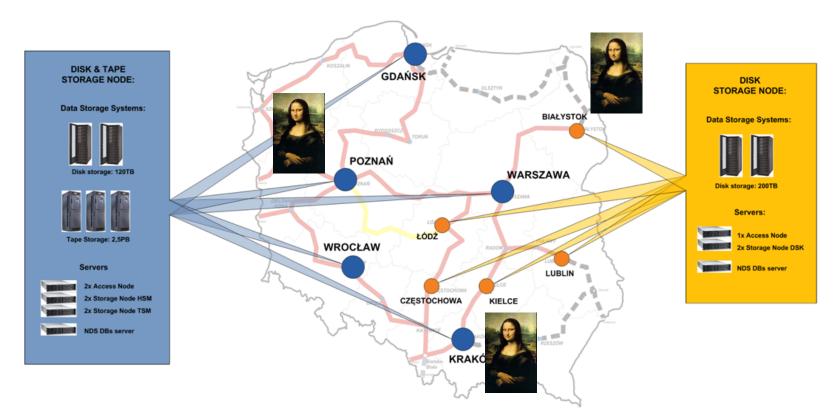




### The infrastructure

### storage redundancy & high capacity

- Multiple sites, geographically distant data centres
- Data replicated over the sites
- Storage resources: 12,5 PB of tapes; 2 PB of disks



# NDS2: problem definition

# NDS2: secure, efficient and easy to use



#### To provide at the same time:

- Data provided on a safety and secure way
- Efficiency of data storage and access
- Transparency of safety and security mechanisms
- Data sharing support
- Support for data publication



### Requirements addressed by NDS platform



Features	Comments
Data availability & persistency	Replication, consistency checks
Basic security	Transfer encryption, access control at rest, policies (media degaussing)
Data sharing within a group	Server-side Linux filesystems mechanisms for access control
Easy and efficient access	Access to data through number of protocols: SFTP, WebDAV, Web GUI, GridFTP
Safety mechanism transparent & scalable	First replica created by user using a convenient protocol; then replicas created async. using GridFTP for efficiency in WAN



# NDS2 a secure and extended NDS



#### NDS and PLATON experience:

- Replication, data persistency etc. OK!
- Encryption and integrity control needed!
  - Manual implementation too complicated
  - Existing tools not good enough
- System shoud better integrate with user's system (Win, Linux, mobiles...)
   and institution / workgroup environment

#### NDS2 (2011-2013): National Data Store 2:

- End-to-end encryption & integrity control
- Easy and efficient data exchange
- Virtual disks for Windows, Linux
- Appliance for institutions
- Portable GUI client for individuals

# NDS2



Features	Comments
End-to-end security: privacy & integrity	AES-256 for data, RSA for key exchange, SHA digests
Easy access, safery mechanisms transparency	Client-side cryptography provided by easy to use clients: virtual filesystems, Java GUI
Rollback and versioning	Server-side versioning + support in clients
Easy, efficient and secure data exchange	Symm. and assym. key hierarchy, key exchange mechanisms
Mobile access	Android application
Efficient & easy local storage & access + remote backup	Appliance for institutions

NDS2 cryptography: encryption, integrity control and keys management

# NDS2 cryptography: encryption, integrity control and keys mgmt (1)



### **Overall concept:**

- Data encrypted with AES-256 CTR
  - AES Strong and high performance algorithm for bulk data, resistant to brute force attacks





- Hardware supported: Intel Westmere and ARMv8
- Performance: 1-2,5 GB/s on todays workstations
- CTR mode enables parallelism
- Integrity control by SHA-512:
  - Resistant to collisions and attacks
  - Calculated:
    - User-side (per 64kB logical block) in order to enable users to detect manipulations or corruption on data or their digest
    - System-side (per file) for replica integrity control

# NDS2 cryptography: encryption, integrity control and keys mgmt (2)



- Client-side encryption and integrity control:
  - AES 256 CBC generated per file for data privacy
    - Stored in the file header on the system side
    - Protected with user's private RSA key
    - => User takes care of only 1 pair of keys
  - SHA-512 digests calculated per logical 64-byte block
    - Stored with each block on the system side
    - Protected by encryption using files' symetric key
    - => User application may access digest information using file's AES key

file header
516 Bytes
Version (4 Bytes), { symmetric key+ NONCE,

header digest }

encrypted with RSA 4k

*
(Data la salh 's th's shoot (4 D tas)
{ Data length in this chunk (4 Bytes)
SHA512 block digest (64 Bytes)
User data (65468 Bytes) }
encrypted with AES and file symmetric

data chunk 1

64 kBytes

data chunk 2	
64 kBytes	

{ Data length in this chunk (4 Bytes)
 SHA512 block digest (64 Bytes)
 User data (65468 Bytes) }
encrypted with AES and file symmetric

# NDS2 cryptographic clients:

Features & concept: Implementation,

# Clients for NDS2 (1)



# Windows users



File System

#### **CryptoFS 4Windows**

- FS-like access (.net CallbackFS)
- Encryption & digests (.net crypto API)
- SFTP client (Rebex SFT library)

#### Linux users



File System

#### **CryptoFS 4Linux**

- SSHFS extension
- FS-like access (FUSE/SSHFS)
- Encryption & digests(OpenSSL)
- SFTP client(Built-into SSHFS)

#### Workgroups

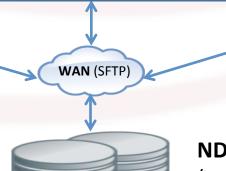


#### **Appliance**

- LAN access through CIFS (Samba server)
- FS-like access (CryptoFS 4 Linux)
- Admin. interface (php + perl)
- Local disk storage







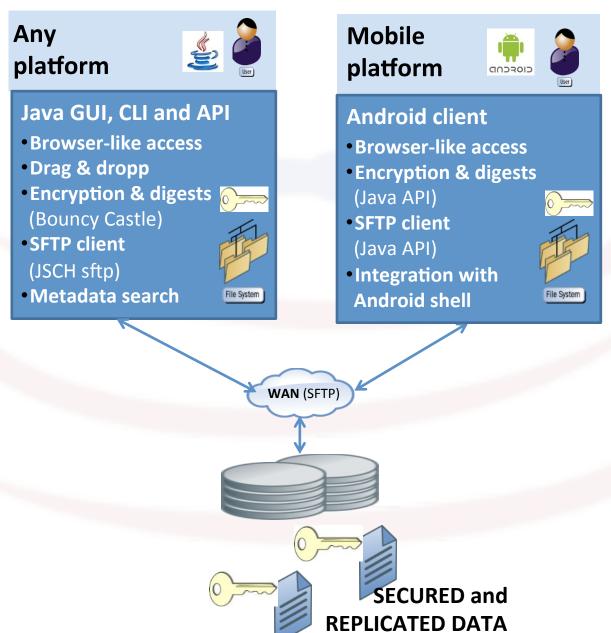
**NDS** filesystem

(extended with versioning, ACLs)



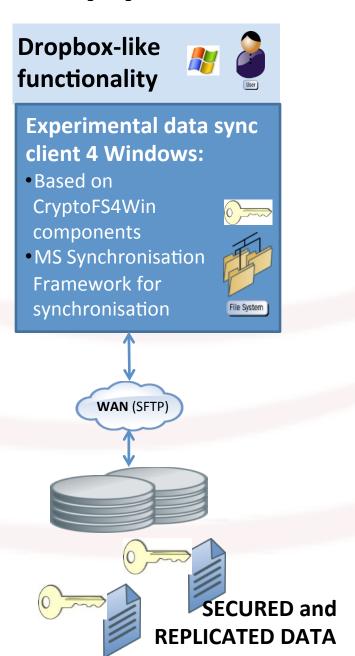
# Clients for NDS2 (2)





# Clients for NDS2 (3)



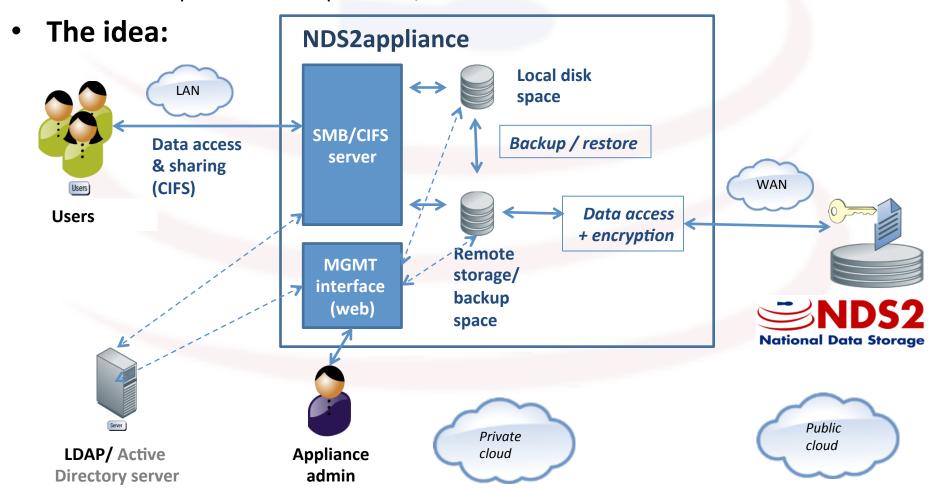


# NDS2: appliance concept



#### Use cases:

- Small institution / workgroup shares data using local NAS appliance
- Data protected against disaster and intrusion: backup and encryption
- Remote space is a backup of local; local is cache of remote

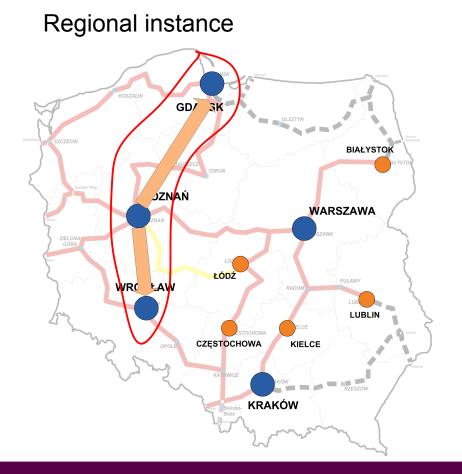




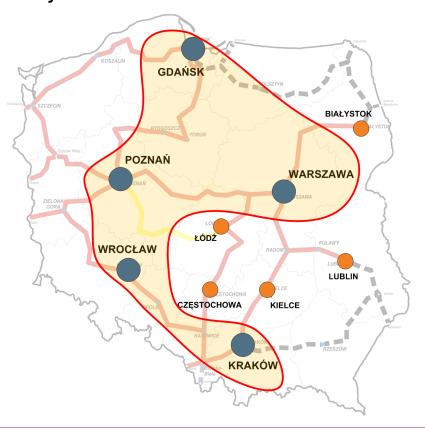
# NDS in PLATON (3)

Sites vs system instances (1)

Example instances: PZ1 and WA1



Project-dedicated instances



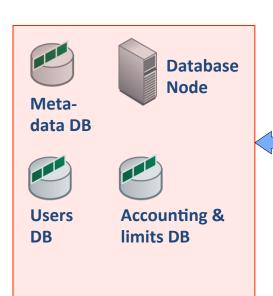


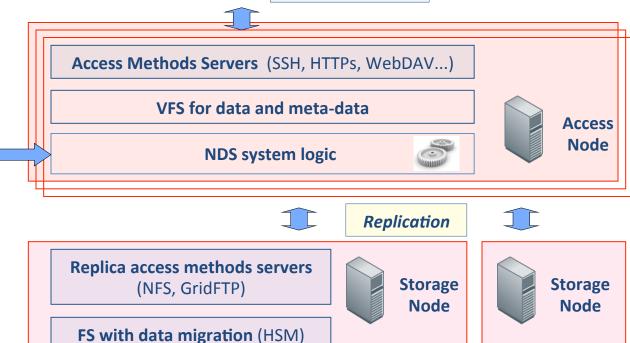
# **NDS** software architecture

**Overall architecture** 



User











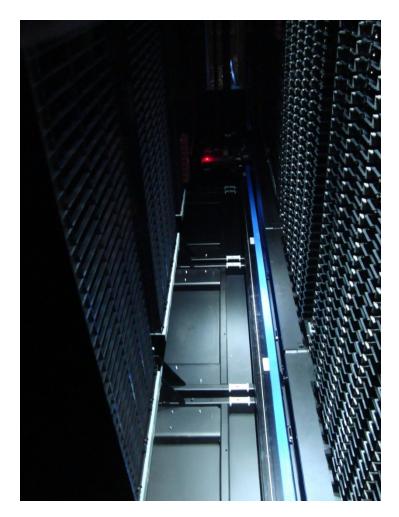


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#### **PLATON's PAS infrastructure:**

Tape & Disk Storage sites (15+ PB)







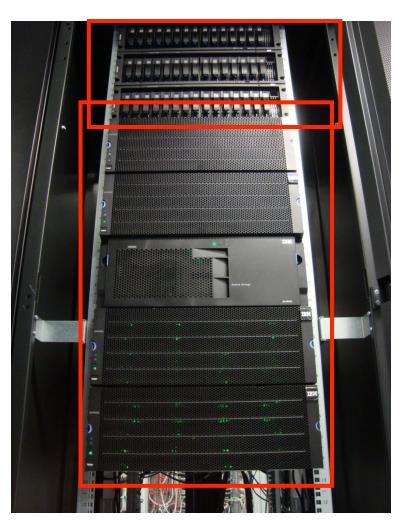
IBM TS3500 Tape library in Poznan

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### **PLATON's PAS infrastructure:**

#### **Tape & Disk Storage sites**



TSM/HSM storage servers



**Access Node and Database Node servers** 



IBM DS5300 AND DS5100 disk arrays in Poznan

# Summary



- National service
  - as an added value to the network connection
  - or independent
- Base for the 'Common Data Services'
- Provided for individuals ... SMEs ... universities
- Worked out sustainability policy

# SERVICE PLATON







#### **COORDINATOR:**

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